

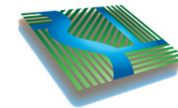
# Wyandotte Creek Subbasin Board Meeting WY 2022 Annual Report Update

**Eddy Teasdale, PG, CHG (LSCE)**

May 25th, 2023







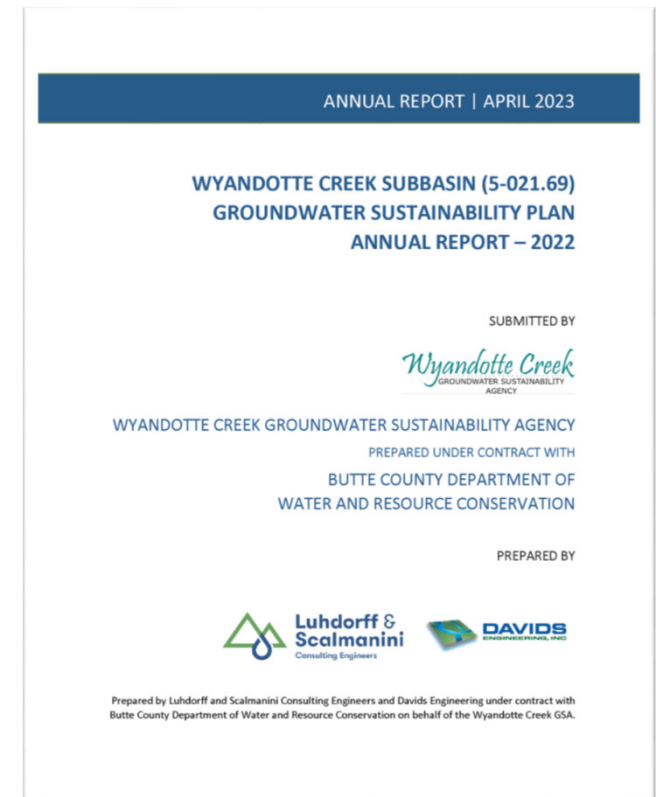
**Luhdorff &  
Scalmanini**  
Consulting Engineers



**DAVIDS**  
ENGINEERING, INC

# Where are We Headed Today?

-  **Overview / Hydrological and Water Supply Conditions**
-  **Groundwater Conditions**
-  **Water Supply and Water Use (Water Budget)**
-  **Progress Towards GSP Implementation**

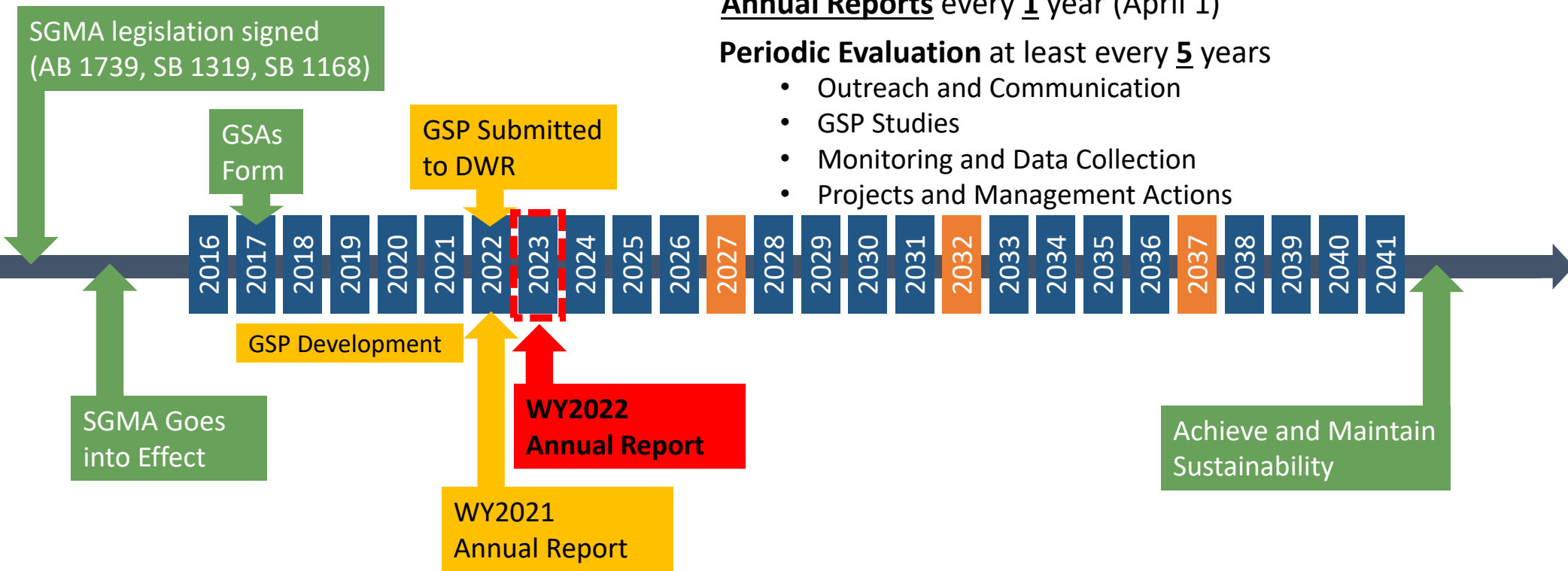


# Annual Report Requirements

- **Updates on Groundwater Conditions**
  - Groundwater Elevation (Hydrographs, Contour Maps)
  - Change in Groundwater Storage
- **Water Supply and Water Use**
  - Groundwater Extraction
  - Surface Water Supplies
  - Total Water Use
- **Progress Toward Plan Implementation**  
(e.g., implementation of planned projects and management actions)



# Overview – SGMA Implementation Timeline



**Annual Reports** every 1 year (April 1)

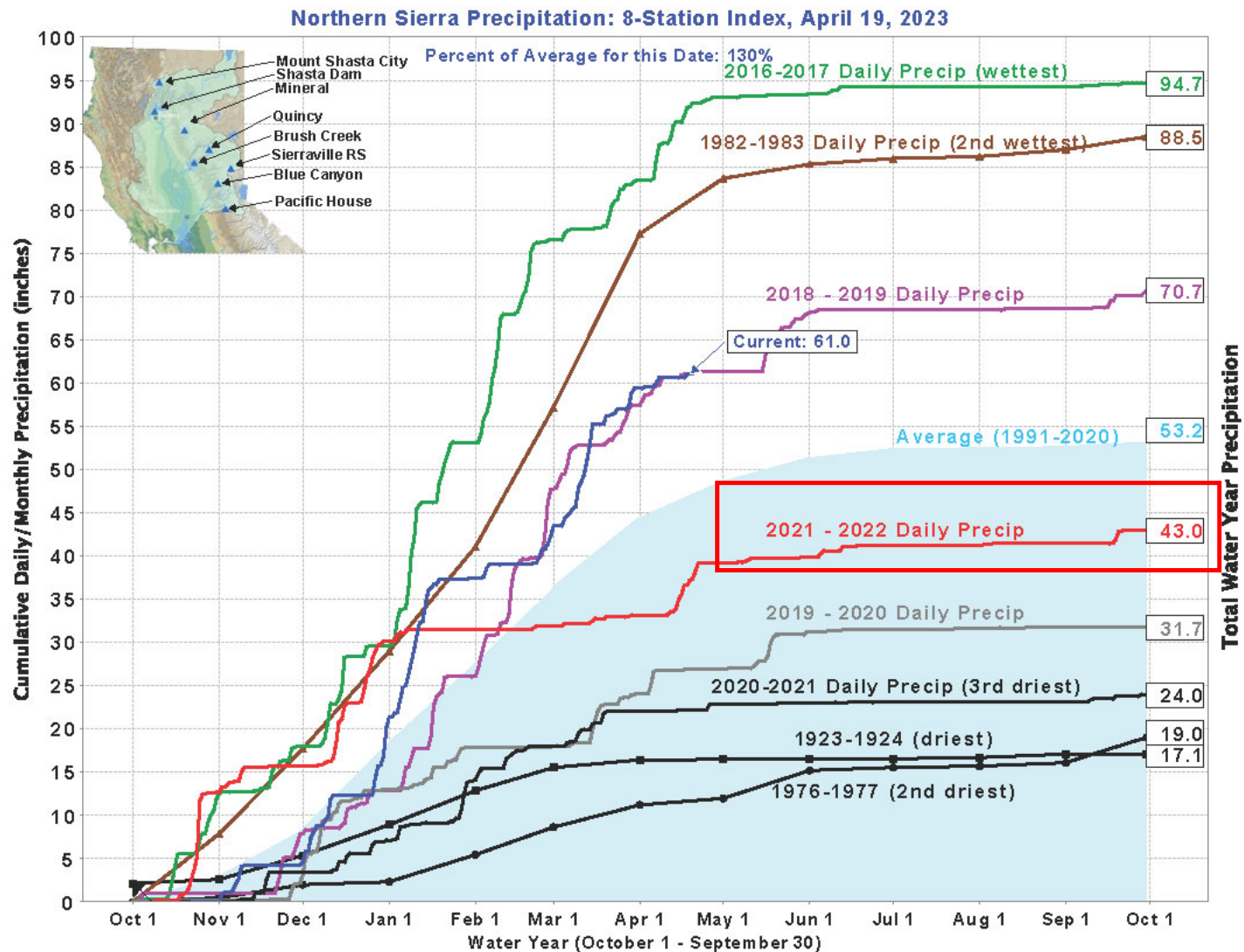
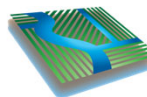
**Periodic Evaluation** at least every 5 years

- Outreach and Communication
- GSP Studies
- Monitoring and Data Collection
- Projects and Management Actions



# 2022 WY Conditions

- Classified as a “Critical Dry Year”
  - Below average precipitation (CDEC, 2023 graph)
- Statewide conditions at end of WY
  - Total Annual Precipitation: 17.9” or 76% of historical average.
  - Total Reservoir Storage: 14.7 MAF or 69% of historical average.
  - Snowpack at 64% historical average annual max.
- Sacramento River Region unimpaired runoff, 64% of average (6.7 million acre-feet; DWR, 2022)



# Overview of 2022 Regional Water Supplies

- **Drought conditions have resulted in reduced surface water supplies and curtailment of water rights by the State Water Resource Control Board throughout the region.**
  - **Reports of Dry / Reduced Capacity Wells\***
    - 4 to DWR Dry Well Reporting System (voluntary) within the Subbasin
    - 2 to Butte County EH (only from applications for new wells or deepening / repair)
    - 20 to the Butte County Drought Assistance Program (water tanks / water deliveries)
- \* These do not sum up for a total, there is likely overlap, residents reporting to multiple programs



# Groundwater Conditions

- **Groundwater Elevations**
  - **9 Representative Monitoring Site (RMS) Wells.**
  - **Domestic, irrigation, and observation wells.**
- **Groundwater Storage**
  - **Calculated utilizing RMS wells**



Lowering  
Groundwater Levels

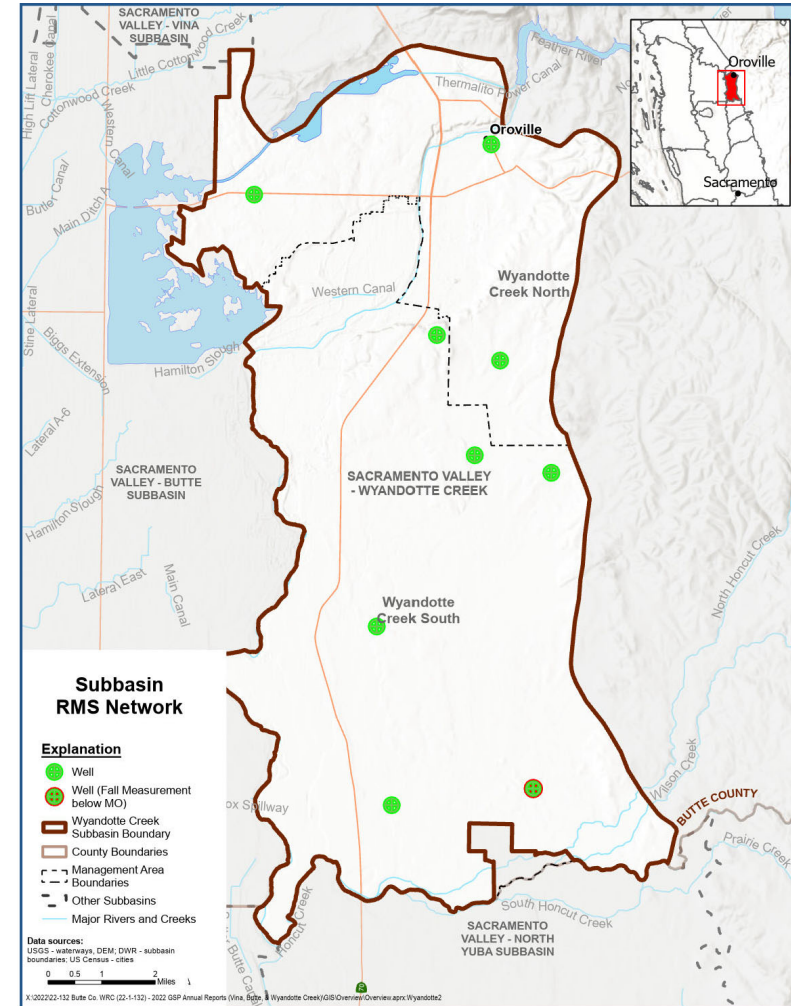


Reduction of Storage

## Groundwater Conditions – Groundwater Elevations

### Groundwater Elevations

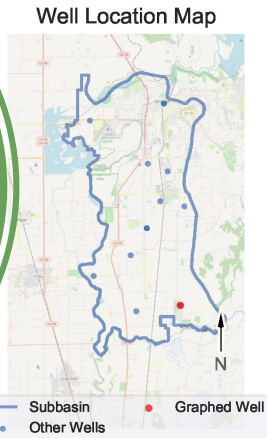
- **9 Representative Monitoring Sites (RMS) Wells**
  - **3 - North Management Area**
  - **6 - South Management Area**
- **1 well had measurements below the MO in Fall of 2022.**





# Groundwater Conditions – Groundwater Elevations

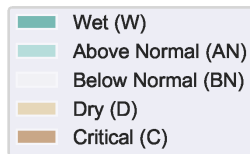
## WYANDOTTE CREEK Subbasin - State Well Number (SWN): 17N04E09N002M



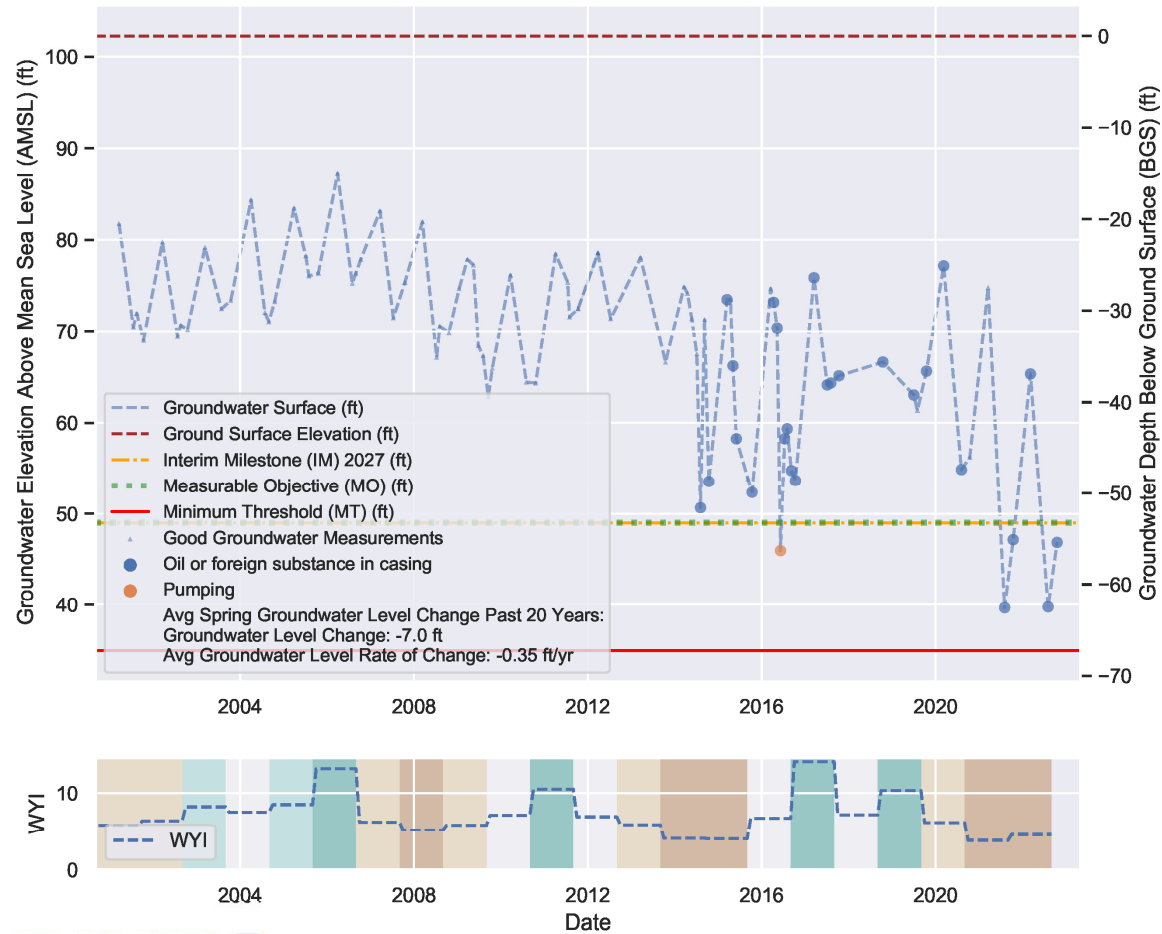
Sustainable Management Criteria:

IM (2027) = 49.0 ft AMSL  
 MO = 49.0 ft AMSL  
 MT = 35.0 ft AMSL

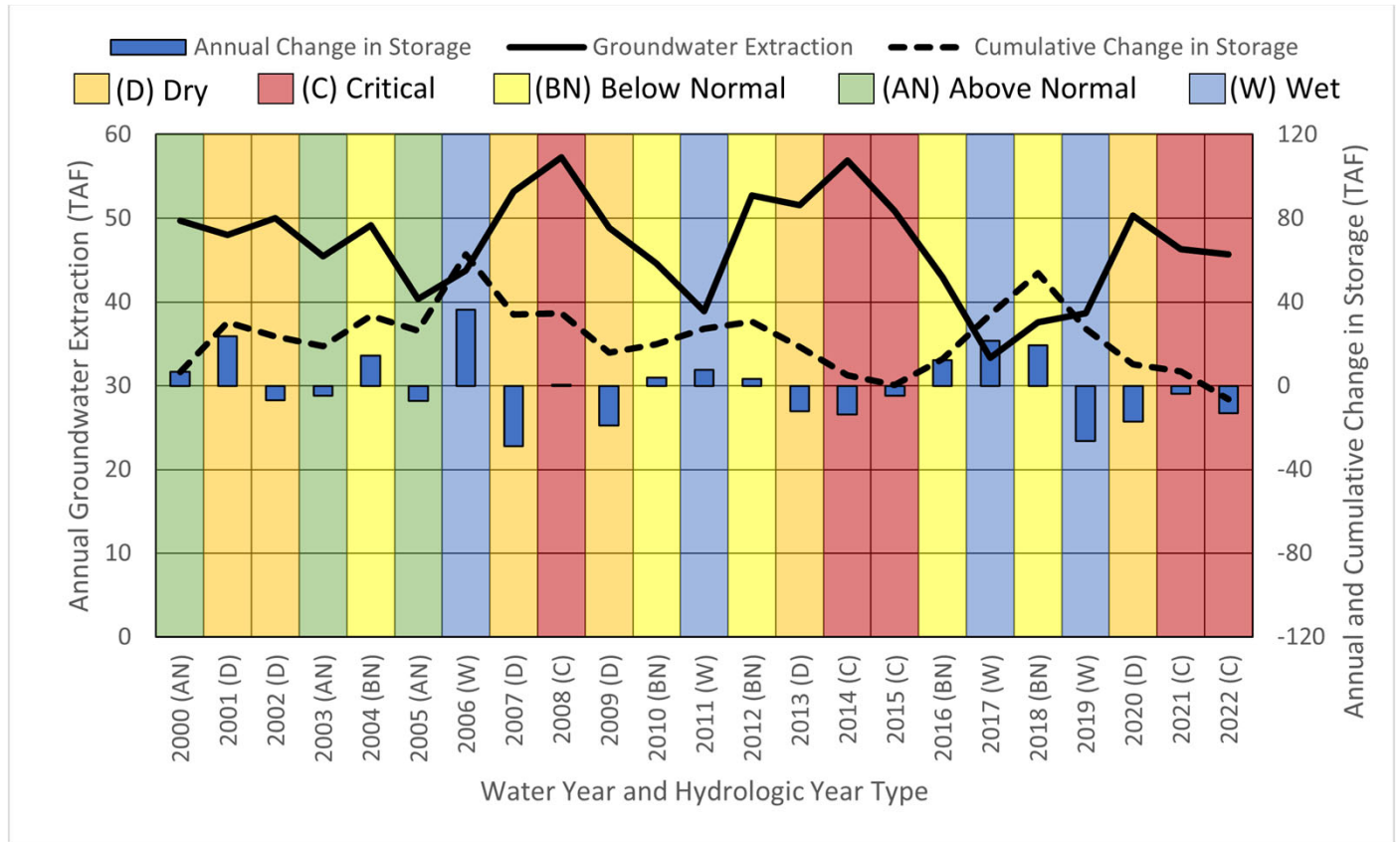
Sacramento Valley Water Year Index (WYI) shown on lower right. Meaning of colors defined below.



Perforation 1: 100.0 - 112.0 ft BGS



# Groundwater Conditions – Groundwater Storage

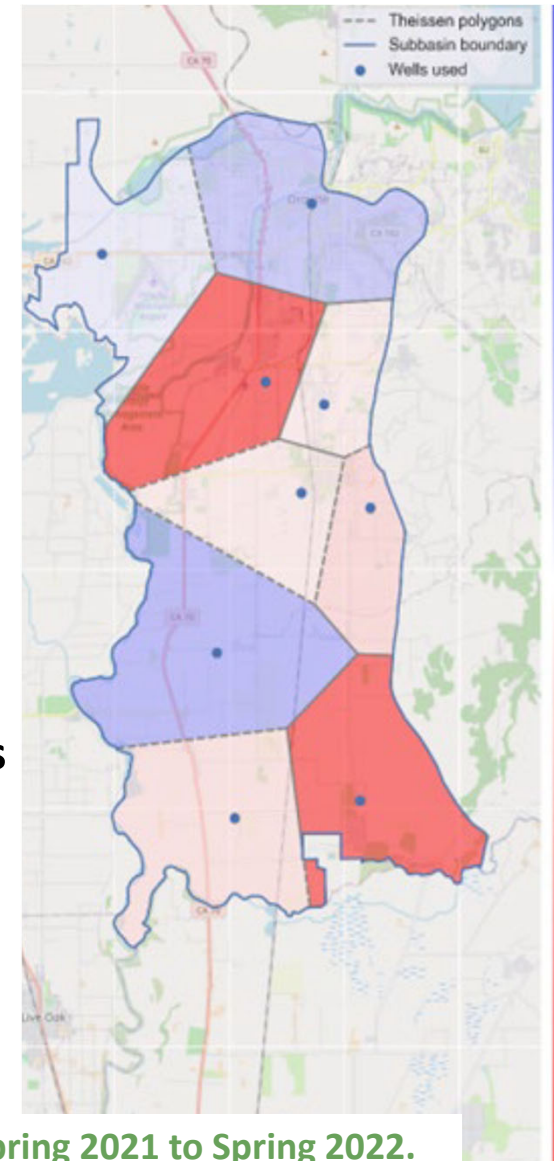


## Groundwater Conditions & Change in Storage Summary

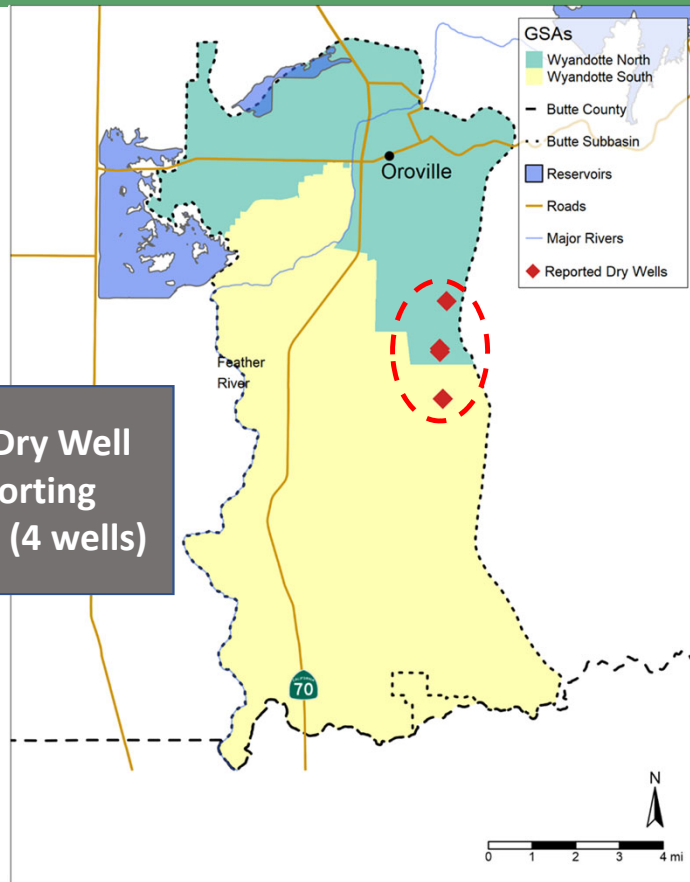
- **Groundwater pumping was similar to last year ~46 TAF and about same as long-term average, lower than average of past 4 critically dry years (~53 TAF)**
- **Groundwater is ~3/4 of total water used**
- **Annual Groundwater Storage Change: ~ -13 TAF**
- **Cumulative Groundwater Storage Change: ~ -7 TAF ~ 15% of avg. pumping per yr. well within margin of error of estimates**
- **Dry well reports in both management areas**
- **2021 vs. 2022 GWL ~ 3' avg. annual drop between Spring measurements; Fall measurements saw ~2' drop**



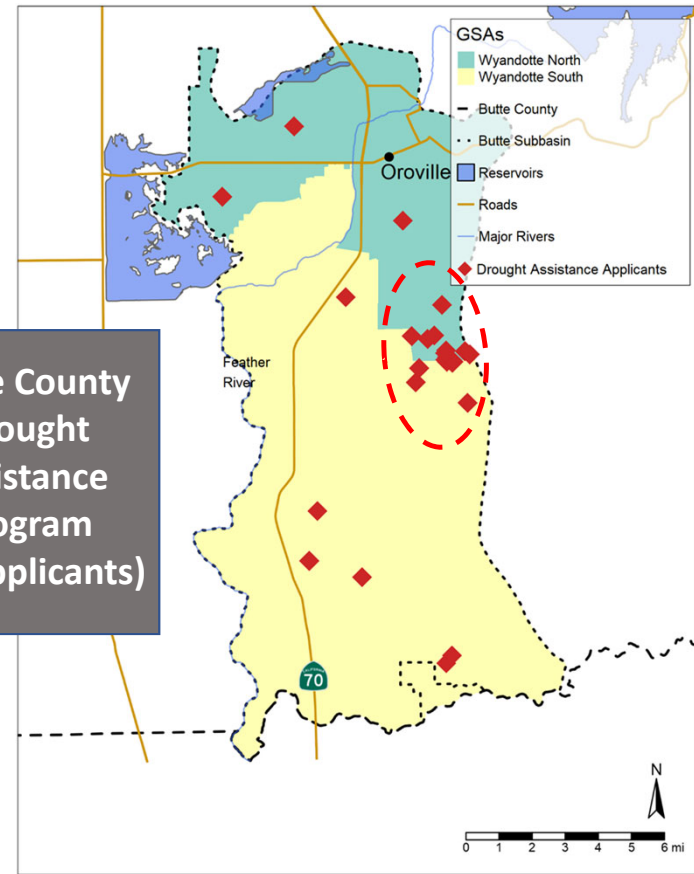
Map shows groundwater storage change from Spring 2021 to Spring 2022.



# Vulnerable Areas



**DWR Dry Well Reporting System (4 wells)**



**Butte County Drought Assistance Program (20 Applicants)**



## Groundwater Conditions – Surface Water Depletion

In 2022, vast majority of groundwater elevations were above the established MO and the next IM of 2027.

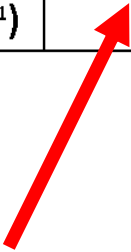
**Table 2-1. Measurable Objectives, Minimum Thresholds and Seasonal Groundwater Elevations of Representative Monitoring Site Wells**

| State Well Number / Representative Monitoring Site (RMS) ID <sup>1</sup> | Management Area | Groundwater Elevation (feet above mean sea level) |                 |                        |                        |                         |                 |                     |                         |                 |
|--|-----------------|---|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|  |                 | MO <sup>2</sup>                                   | MT <sup>2</sup> | Interim Milestone 2027 | Seasonal High (Spring) |                         |                 | Seasonal Low (Fall) |                         |                 |
|  |                 |   |                 |                        | 2022                   | Difference (feet) from: |                 | 2022                | Difference (feet) from: |                 |
|  |                 |   |                 |                        |                        | 2021                    | MO <sup>2</sup> |                     | 2021                    | MO <sup>2</sup> |
| 19N03E <u>16Q001M</u>  | Wyandotte North | 133   | 85              | 134                    | 139.3                  | 1.0                     | 6.3             | 138.2               | -0.2                    | 5.2             |
| 19N04E <u>32P001M</u>  | Wyandotte North | 107   | 78              | 108                    | 128.2                  | -2.3                    | 21.2            | 122.5               | -2.7                    | 15.5            |
| <u>CWS-03</u>  | Wyandotte North | 133   | 102             | 135                    | 137.0                  | 3.0                     | 4.0             | 134.0               | 1.0                     | 1.0             |
| 17N03E <u>13B002M</u>  | Wyandotte South | 47  | 35              | 48                     | 60.6                   | -1.5                    | 13.6            | 51.6                | -1.0                    | 4.6             |
| 17N04E <u>09N002M</u>  | Wyandotte South | 49  | 35              | 51                     | 65.4                   | -9.4                    | 16.4            | 46.9                | -0.3                    | -2.1            |
| 18N03E <u>25N001M</u>  | Wyandotte South | 52  | 37              | 53                     | 62.2                   | 3.1                     | 10.2            | 52.8                | -3.5                    | 0.8             |
| 18N04E <u>08M001M</u>  | Wyandotte South | 86  | 59              | 87                     | 109.6                  | -1.5                    | 23.6            | 105.5               | -0.7                    | 19.5            |
| 18N04E <u>16C001M</u>  | Wyandotte South | 95  | 71              | 96                     | 107.0                  | -4.5                    | 12.0            | 95.9                | -7.6                    | 0.9             |
| 19N04E <u>31F001M</u>  | Wyandotte South | 99  | 76              | 101                    | 121.5                  | -11.0                   | 22.5            | 118.9               | 1.5                     | 19.9            |

Water Supply and Water Use (Water Budget)

**Table 3-3. Wyandotte Creek Subbasin Total Water Use by Water Use Sector**

| Sector   | WY 2022 (AF)  |               |               |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|  | Groundwater   | Surface Water | Total         |
| Agricultural   | 43,500        | 10,900        | <b>54,400</b> |
| Municipal  | 700           | 4,000         | <b>4,700</b>  |
| Rural Residential  | 1,500         | 0             | <b>1,500</b>  |
| Native Vegetation (Plant groundwater uptake)                   | 36,300        | 1,300         | <b>37,600</b> |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>82,000</b> | <b>16,200</b> | <b>98,200</b> |
| <b>Total (excluding Environmental Groundwater<sup>1</sup>)</b> | <b>45,700</b> | <b>16,200</b> | <b>61,900</b> |



**74% Groundwater Dependent in 2022**



# Water Budget Results by Water Budget Region

| Water Budget Region             | Area (AC)     | Estimated Groundwater Extraction <sup>1</sup> (AF) | Estimated Groundwater Extraction <sup>1</sup> (AF/AC) |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--|---|
| Wyandotte North Management Area | 18,499        | 0  | 0.0   |
| Wyandotte South Management Area | 41,565        | 43,400   | 1.0   |
| <b>Totals</b>                   | <b>60,064</b> | <b>43,400</b>                                      | <b>Average - 0.7</b>                                  |

<sup>1</sup>Groundwater extraction in the agricultural and urban water use sectors are shown; other water use sectors are not included in these results.



# GSP Implementation

- **Updates discussed in the annual report (Section 5.2)**
- **Highlights in 2022:**
  - **Submitted SGMA Implementation Round 2 grant application in December 2022**
    - **GSP Implementation Outreach and Compliance Activities**
    - **Regional Conjunctive Use Project**
    - **Monitoring Network Enhancements**
    - **Thermalito Water Treatment Plant Capacity Upgrade**
    - **Groundwater Recharge Feasibility Analysis, Design, and Construction**





# GSP Implementation – Projects

| Project  | Progress in WY 2021 Annual Report  |
|--|--|
| Residential Water Conservation   | 7.8% reduction in urban pumping compared to 2021 (TWSD)  |
| Agricultural Irrigation Efficiency   | Recommendations report released June 2022  |
| Oroville Wildlife Area Robinson's Riffle                                   | SBFCA was awarded grant funding and work was initiated in November 2022 and is expected to be completed in summer 2024 |
| Thermalito Water and Sewer District Water Treatment Plant Capacity Upgrade | Ongoing work to design and implement the project   |
| Palermo Clean Water Consolidation  | Ready to Commence Phase 1  |



# Annual Report Summary

SUMMARY



- Hydrologic conditions in WY 2022 had below average precipitation, streamflow, and above average ET.
- Extreme drought conditions began in 2020 and went through 2022.
  - This is reflected in lower groundwater levels in 2022.
- Dry wells in Palermo are being addressed through County efforts.
- WY 2022 Groundwater extraction is comparable to last year and long-term average, lower than last 4 critically dry years.
- Cumulative groundwater storage is minimal ~ -7 TAF from 2000



# Annual Report Summary

- **Water levels are stable and track well with wet/dry cycles (respond accordingly)**
- **Subbasin is on track to meet the 5-year Interim Milestones (2027)**
- **Groundwater levels were above MO's in spring and only 1 was below in fall**
- **Maintaining access to surface water is important to maintain stable conditions**
- **Dry wells were reported, this is being addressed in Palermo through Co. efforts**
- **GSA is proactive in GSP implementation (grants, outreach, funding)**



# Acknowledgements

- **Participating Butte County Well Owners**
- **Butte County Department of Water and Resource Conservation**
- **Groundwater Sustainability Agency Managers**
- **Technical Advisory Committee to the Butte County Water Commission**

*Thank you!*



# Discussions / Questions?

